

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT.

No. R. 4645—L. S. 88-82-5, dated 9th—10th March 1938.

It is notified for general information that under section 1 (2) of Record of Rights Regulation, No. X of 1927, Government are pleased to direct that the provisions of the said Regulation shall be extended to all Government villages and settled Inam villages of the marginally noted Taluks with effect from 15th March 1938.

1. Hosur Nagar
2. Hosadurga
3. Nelamangala

2. The Record is intended to check litigation in regard to land and to facilitate its disposal by the Courts, to reduce unnecessary expenditure by the raiyats in executing and registering documents and to protect them against fraud and fabrication of false claims. It will also be of assistance to Government as well as the raiyats in the distribution of assessment among the various hisedars, the grant of Takavi and Land Improvement Loans and the grant of suspension or remission of Land Revenue.

3. To facilitate the accurate preparation of the Record of Rights, the Preliminary Record will first be prepared by the Shanbhogs to the best of their information in a prescribed form and every case will be fully investigated by a Special Revenue Inspector. There will then be a check of the Preliminary Record by the Amildar or other Officer specially authorised by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf. Occupants and persons interested in the land are required to furnish every information that may be within their knowledge to the investigating officers in order to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this Record which will form the basis of the future Record of Rights.

4. All persons interested in land are required to render every reasonable assistance to officers of the Survey Department when they come to a village to measure the hisedas and to conduct enquiries in cases of disputed boundary lines between hisedas in the field, after giving the prescribed notice.

5. The attention of the public is invited to the provisions of section 5 of the Record of Rights Regulation according to which, after the expiry of a period of six months from the date of issue of this notification, acquisition of rights of all kinds pertaining to lands have to be reported and of section 7 of the Record of Rights Regulation requiring them on requisition by a Revenue Officer engaged in compiling or revising the Record of Rights to furnish or produce information and documents needed for correct compilation or revision thereof within one month from the date of such requisition. Failure to do so and secure registration of their rights will render occupants and holders of interests in land liable to fine not exceeding Rs. 5 (recoverable as an arrear of land revenue) besides depriving them of the several advantages enumerated above. The Officer to whom any information is furnished, or before whom any documents is produced in accordance with the requisition will give a written acknowledgment therefor in the form prescribed to the person furnishing or producing the same and shall endorse on any such document, before returning it to him, a note under his signature stating the fact of its production and the date thereof.

By Order,
S. ABUL WAJID,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT.

No. G. 6216—Pt. 126-80-9, dated 18th March 1938.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare under section 80 of the Mysore Forest Regulation, XI of 1900, that the area specified in the Schedule below which forms a portion of the Kolagi State Forest sanctioned in Government Notification No. G. 12971—Pt. 806-27-8, dated the 18th May 1928 shall cease to be a State Forest with effect from the date of this Notification.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Area proposed to be disafforested	Name of Block
Shimoga	Nagar	8½ acres	Kolagi

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from a point about 8 chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 24 of the Hiri-yogi Village, on the northern demarcation of the Kolagi State Forest, the line runs south-east for a distance of 19 chains in a straight line along the said demarcation line till it meets a point in it, about 12 chains west from the point where the common boundary between Survey No. 16 of Hiri-yogi and Survey No. 66 of Savantur Village crosses the present demarcation line.

East and South.—From the above point, the line runs west for a distance of 9 chains in a straight line, through Survey No. 16 of Hiri-yogi Village and meets the foot-path (Hiri-yogi Village to Nivanige) that runs in the said Survey No. 16.

South and West.—Then the line runs north-west, in a straight line through the said Survey No. 16 of Hiri-yogi Village, for a distance of 12 chains and meets the starting point.

N.B.—A The area disafforested forms a triangle.

No. L. 5950—V. P. 62-32-2, dated 10 th—14th March 1933.

Under the proviso to section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended from time to time, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to direct that a fee of annas four be levied on each pig seized and impounded within the limits of the Mayalga Village Panchayat in the Goribidnur Taluk.

By Order,

R. RANGA RAO,

Secretary to Government,
General Department.